

ISO 1183

## ZYTEL® 74G50ARX ECO-R 311 BLK1

### **NYLON RESIN**

**Product information** 

Zytel® 74G50ARX ECO-R 311 BLK1 incorporates 30% of post-industrial recycled content by weight in the finished product. It is a 50% Glass Reinforced, Heat Stabilized, Polyamide 66 designed for Automotive industry.

	Toddot Imorriation			
	Resin Identification	(PA66+PA6)-GF5	50(R30)	ISO 1043
	Part Marking Code	>(PA66+PA6)-GF	` '	ISO 11469
	Continuous Service Temperature	,	°Ċ	IEC 60216-1
	р			
F	Rheological properties			
	Moulding shrinkage range, parallel	0.1 - 0.5	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
	Moulding shrinkage range, normal	0.5 - 0.9	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
٦	Typical mechanical properties	dry/cond.		
		•		
	Tensile modulus	16300/12000	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
	Tensile stress at break, 5mm/min	200/140	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
	Tensile strain at break, 5mm/min	2.3/3.3	%	ISO 527-1/-2
	Flexural modulus	14500/-	MPa	ISO 178
	Flexural strength	300/-	MPa	ISO 178
	Charpy impact strength, 23°C	75/80	kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179/1eU
	Charpy impact strength, -30 °C	45/-	kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179/1eU
	Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C	14/16	kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179/1eA
	Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C	8.5/-	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eA
	Ball indentation hardness, H 961/30	230/-	MPa	ISO 2039-1
	Poisson's ratio	0.33/0.33 <sup>[C]</sup>		
	[C]: Calculated			
٦	Thermal properties	dry/cond.		
	• •	,	^ 0	100 44057 4/0
	Melting temperature, 10 °C/min	260/*	°C	ISO 11357-1/-3
	Temperature of deflection under load, 1.8 MPa	235/*	°C	ISO 75-1/-2
	Temperature of deflection under load, 0.45 MPa	250/*	°C	ISO 75-1/-2
	Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE), parallel	20/*	E-6/K	ISO 11359-1/-2
	Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE),	80/*	E-6/K	ISO 11359-1/-2
	normal			
H	Physical/Other properties	dry/cond.		
	Humidity absorption, 2mm	1.2/*	%	Sim. to ISO 62
	Water absorption, 2mm	4.1/*	%	Sim. to ISO 62
	D ::	4500/		100 4400

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1560/-

kg/m<sup>3</sup>

80 °C

2-4 h

≤0.15 %

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Density

Injection

Drying Recommended Drying Temperature

Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer

**Processing Moisture Content** 



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Melt Temperature Optimum	285	°C
Min. melt temperature	275	°C
Max. melt temperature	295	°C
Screw tangential speed	≤0.2	m/s
Mold Temperature Optimum	100	°C
Min. mould temperature	70	°C
Max. mould temperature	120	°C

### Characteristics

Processing Injection Moulding
Additives Contains Recycle

Special characteristics Heat stabilised or stable to heat

#### Additional information

Injection molding

### Preprocessing

PA materials, stocked in a moisture-proof packaging, can be processed without drying; however, it is always recommended drying the product that comes from a large package (e.g. Octabin). The moisture content suggested for the injection molding process should be lower than 0.15%, according to the grade and to the molded part characteristics. The materials containing flame retardants should have moisture content below 0.10%. Red phosphorous containing grades must always be dried below 0.08%. The drying time depends on the moisture content and the drying conditions. Typically, 4-8 hours at 80-90°C using dehumidified air (dew point of -20°C) are suitable conditions for a starting moisture content of 0.20%-0.40%.

### **Processing**

The following conditions apply to a standard injection molding process. Machine temperatures: barrel 265-290°C (PA66), 235-270°C (PA6), nozzle and hot runners up to 300°C (up to 290°C products with flame retardants). Mold temperatures: 60-80°C, (80-100°C highly reinforced grades). Back pressure: typically, 5-10 bar (hydraulic pressure). Temperatures exceeding 300°C and long residence time could lead to additives degradation and brittleness of the material. In case of gas generation in the melt, please verify moisture content and processing temperatures. Usage of regrind is possible depending on the molded part characteristics. For further details, please refer to the document 'Instructions for injection molding' or contact our technical support team.

### Postprocessing

PA materials reach their final performance with a water content of about 1.5 to 3.5% by weight, depending on the type. This percentage corresponds to the point of equilibrium between the rates of absorption and desorption of moisture. After molding, in favorable environmental conditions, a part can quickly absorbs moisture up to 0.5-1.0%, while the equilibrium will be reached during its life. A conditioning treatment can accelerate further the initial water absorption of the

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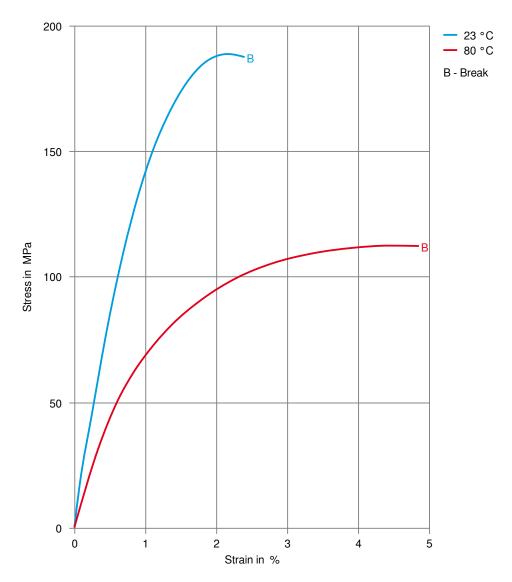
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molded parts. Conditioning is usually carried out in hot and humid environment (for example 50 °C, 100% RH), inside climatic chambers. Slight dimensional variations (increase in volume due to the water absorbed) must be considered, especially in unfilled grades. Post-treatments of parts may also include the annealing (60-80 °C in oven, up to four hours). This procedure can be useful to relax any internal stresses.

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### Stress-strain (dry)



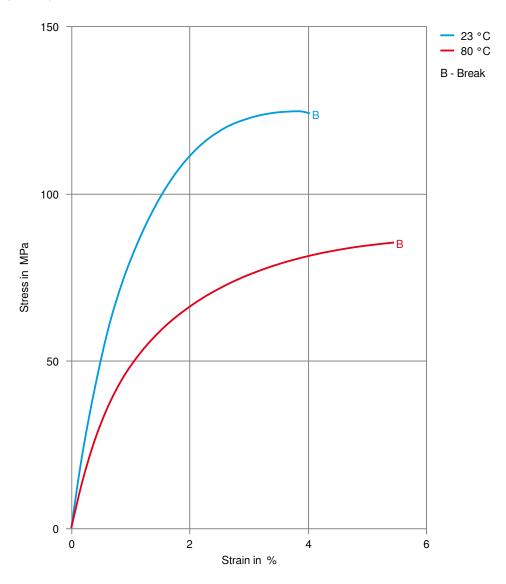
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### Stress-strain (cond.)

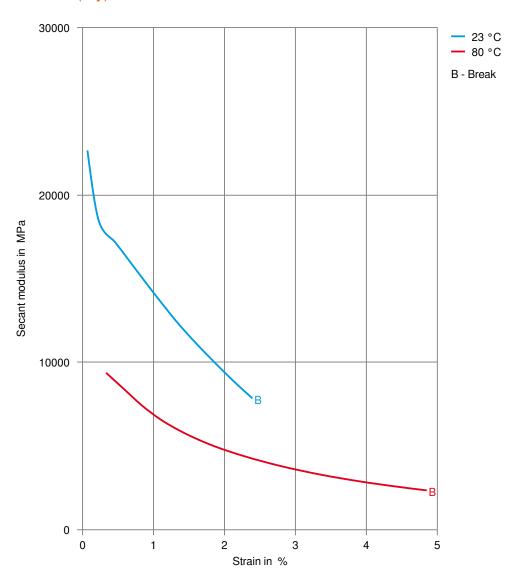


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### Secant modulus-strain (dry)

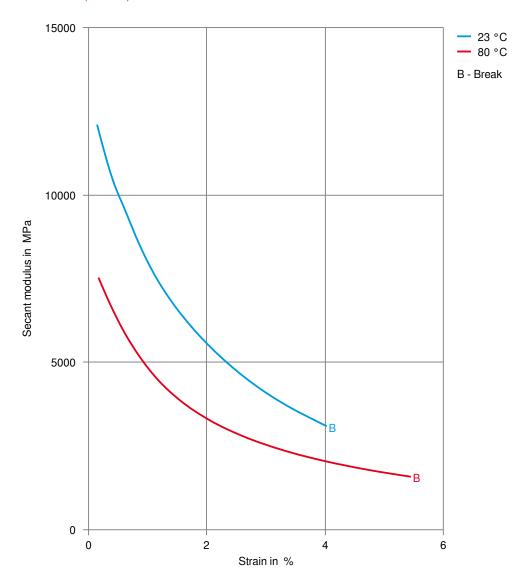


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### Secant modulus-strain (cond.)



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